



### SAFETY DATA SHEET AMSOIL Synthetic ATV/UTV Front Drive Fluid

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200 and WHMIS 2015, in compliance with the Hazardous Product Act (HPA, as amended) and the requirements of the Hazardous Product Regulations (HPR).

1. Identification	
Product identifier Product name	AMSOIL Synthetic ATV/UTV Front Drive Fluid
Product number	AUFD
Recommended use of the che	
Application	Gear oil.
Uses advised against	Avoid the formation of mists.
Details of the supplier of the sa	afety data sheet
Supplier	AMSOIL INC. Bordner, Ladner, Gervais Scotia Plaza, 40 King St W Toronto, ON, Canada M5H 3Y4 T: +1 416-367-6547
Manufacturer	AMSOIL INC. One AMSOIL Center, Superior, WI 54880, USA. T: +1 715-392-7101 compliance@amsoil.com
Emergency telephone number	<u>r</u>
Emergency telephone	CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside the USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted) 24/7
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substance	e or mixture
OSHA/WHMIS Regulatory Status	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and according to the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Product Regulations.
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2A - H319
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
Label elements	
Pictogram	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear eye protection.
	P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

50 - 100%

1 - <2.5%

#### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated

CAS number: 68037-01-4

Classification Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

### Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts

CAS number: 68649-42-3

#### Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments	The exact percentage is withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.
4. First-aid measures	
Description of first aid measu	res
General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin Contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes.

### Order by Phone 1-800-956-5695 - Give Operator Reference #5659349

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin contact	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Redness. Pain.
Indication of immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire- extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the	ne substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Contains Hydrocarbons. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface.
Hazardous combustion products	Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves, that provides a basic level of protection during chemical incidents is defined by the Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, by provincial guidelines on occupational health and safety or by NFPA standards if applicable.
6. Accidental release measure	

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding materials.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	Immiscible with water. Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Absorb spillage with sand or other inert absorbent. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labeled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.		
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.		
7. Handling and storage			
Precautions for safe handling			
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. Avoid contact with used product.		
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.		
Conditions for safe storage, in	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.		
Storage class	Chemical storage.		
Specific end uses(s)			

Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.
8. Exposure Controls/personal	protection
Control parameters Occupational exposure limits	
Comments	The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.
Under conditions which may ge Long-term exposure limit (8-ho Short-term exposure limit (15-r	
Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.6), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.9), and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

**Respiratory protection** If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134 and/or the Canadian regulation relating to health and safety at work. Gas and combination relating to health and safety at work. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work.

Environmental exposure Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. controls

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Color	Amber.
Odor	Mild hydrocarbon.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	Not available.
Flash point	226°C Cleveland open cup. [ASTM D 92]
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.8443
Solubility(ies)	Not known.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	49.0 cSt @ 40°C 9.3 cSt @ 100°C [ASTM D 445]
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidizing.
Fire point	242°C Cleveland open cup. [ASTM D 92]
Pour point	-53°C [ASTM D 97]

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
Materials to avoid	Oxidizing agents. Acids - oxidizing.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.
11. Toxicological information	
Information on toxicological ef	fects
Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> )	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization Skin sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin Contact	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Redness. Pain.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target Organs	No specific target organs known.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.
Toxicological information on in	gredients.
	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts
Skin corrosion/irr	itation
Animal data	Irritating.
Serious eye dam	age/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
12. Ecological Information	
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
Toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity Persistence and degradability	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Persistence and degradability	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The degradability of the product is not known.
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability Ecological information on ingre Persistence and	The degradability of the product is not known. edients. Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability Ecological information on ingre Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known. edients. Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability Ecological information on ingre Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential	The degradability of the product is not known. adients. Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts Substance is inorganic.

- Ecological information on ingredients.

### Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts

Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil	
Mobility	The product is insoluble in water.
Ecological information on ingre	dients.
	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts
Mobility	No data available.
Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
13. Disposal considerations	
Waste treatment methods	
General information	The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
14. Transport information	
General	The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, DOT, TDG).
UN Number	
Not applicable.	
UN proper shipping name	
Not applicable.	
Transport hazard class(es)	
Transport labels No transport warning sign requ	ired.
Packing group	
Not applicable.	
Environmental hazards	
Environmentally Hazardous Su No.	bstance
Special precautions for user	

Not applicable.		
DOT TIH Zone	Not applicable.	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.	
15. Regulatory information		
Regulatory References	OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200 Hazardous Products Regulation (SOR/2015-17) Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations -SOR/2015-100.	
US Federal Regulations SARA Section 302 Extremely None of the ingredients are lis	Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities ted or exempt.	
CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardo None of the ingredients are lis	us Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA) ted or exempt.	
SARA Extremely Hazardous S None of the ingredients are lis	Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities ted or exempt.	
SARA 313 Emission Reporting The following ingredients are I	-	
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated 1.0 %		
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-a 1.0 %	li-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	
CAA Accidental Release Prevention None of the ingredients are list		
SARA (311/312) Hazard Cates None of the ingredients are lis	-	
OSHA Highly Hazardous Che None of the ingredients are lis		
US State Regulations California Proposition 65 Carc None of the ingredients are lis	inogens and Reproductive Toxins ted or exempt.	
California Air Toxics "Hot Spot None of the ingredients are lis	• •	
California Air Toxics "Hot Spot None of the ingredients are lis		
California Directors List of Haz None of the ingredients are lis		
Massachusetts "Right To Know None of the ingredients are lis		

#### Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### Minnesota "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### Inventories

#### Canada - DSL/NDSL

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### 16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	C.A.S. = Chemical Abstracts Service; E.C. No = European Commission number; GHS = Globally Harmonised System; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; WHMIS = Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System; DOT = Department of Transport; TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods Regulations; IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IATA = International Air Transport Association; SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental; EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act; TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act; LD/LC/EC = Lethal Dose,Lethal Concentration/Effect Concentration for 50% of population; NOEC = No Overall Effect Concentration; NOEL = No Overall Effect Level; REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation & Restriction of Chemicals; STOT-RE = Single Target Organ Toxicity - Repeat Exposure; STOT-SE= Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure; PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic; vPvB = Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation
Key literature references and sources for data	Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	This is the first issue.
Revision date	2/26/2018
SDS No.	7059
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.

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